# CHANGES TO THE PSLE SCORING \& S1 POSTING FROM 2021 

## IT'S PART OF A BIGGER STORY

PARENTS ENGAGEMENT SESSION


## All students

1. How PSLE Scoring Works
2. How S1 Posting Works
3. Presentation of results in Achievement Levels
4. Subject-based Banding (Primary Schools)

- Scoring for Foundation Subjects

5. [New] Indicative Achievement Level (AL) Cut-Off Point Ranges for Different School Types
6. [New] Subject-Based Banding (Secondary) under the AL Scoring System

MTL-exempt, AsL or FL students

- Scoring for Mother Tongue Language (MTL)-exempt students and students studying an Asian Language/ Foreign Language (AsL/FL) in lieu of an MTL


## THE PSLE CHANGES ARE PART OF A BIGGER STORY

Over the years, we have been fine-tuning the education system to help our students discover and develop their strengths and interests, while moving away from an over-emphasis on academic results.

Our PSLE scoring changes aim to:

- Reduce fine differentiation at a young age
- Recognise students' level of achievement, regardless of how their peers have done

The changes will not affect the curriculum and subjects tested at PSLE

- However, MOE does review the curriculum regularly to ensure that it is relevant and up-todate. This will continue as per current practice.



## THE PSLE REMAINS <br> A USEFUL CHECKPOINT

- To understand where our children are at in their learning after six years of primary school
- Gauge their learning needs so that they can progress to a secondary school and take subjects at a suitable level


- Changes to the PSLE scoring and S1 posting
- What you need to know about the new PSLE scoring system


## FROM T-SCORE TO WIDER SCORING BANDS

Reflects a student's individual level of achievement

Unlike the current T-score, students' AL for each subject will reflect their level of achievement, rather than how they have performed relative to their peers.

| AL | RAW MARK <br> RANGE |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\geq 90$ |
| 2 | $85-89$ |
| 3 | $80-84$ |
| 4 | $75-79$ |
| 5 | $65-74$ |
| 6 | $45-64$ |
| 7 | $20-44$ |
| 8 | $<20$ |

## FROM T-SCORE TO WIDER SCORING BANDS

Reduces fine differentiation of students
Students with similar scores in each subject will be grouped into wider bands measured in Achievement Levels (ALs).


Students' scores are differentiated finely. Students can have a T-score aggregate of less than 80 to more than 280, which gives more than 200 possible different T-score aggregates.


Students will be placed in fewer groups of PSLE Scores. Students' PSLE scores (the sum of the AL for each subject) will range from 4 to 32, which gives 29 possible different scores.

## FROM T-SCORE TO WIDER SCORING BANDS

- The PSLE Score replaces the T-score aggregate.
- It is obtained by adding the ALs of four subjects.
- The PSLE Score ranges from 4 to 32, with 4 being the best possible score.
- Students will be placed in secondary school courses based on their overall PSLE score - Express, Normal (Academic) or Normal (Technical).


| PLACEMENT |
| :---: | :---: |
| OUTCOME |$\quad$ PSLE SCORE



## WHY ARE THE AL BANDS NOT EVEN?

AL bands and mark ranges are set based on the learning objectives of the curriculum, and mirror the way we learn:

- When we learn something new, after some initial practice, we often find ourselves improving significantly.
- But as we get better, the improvements become small steps, and finally, as we reach a high level, we inch just a little further, even after much learning and practice.

The ALs were designed to reflect this reality of learning. They help educators, students, and parents know how ready students are to access the curriculum at the next level.

## IN SUMMARY...

## WHAT REMAINS

- Same 4 subjects are tested, and scores are awarded to guide students' choices for the next stage of their education journey
- Curriculum is continually updated. This is not related to the PSLE scoring and S1 posting changes.


## WHAT CHANGES

- The T-score Aggregate will be replaced by the PSLE Score, to reduce the fine differentiation of our students at a young age based on exam scores.
- Students will be assessed based on their own achievement, instead of comparing them to their peers.


## HOW S1 POSTING WORKS



## CHOICE ORDER OF SCHOOLS WILL MATTER MORE

- Students will continue to be posted to a secondary school based on academic merit i.e. overall PSLE score.
- If two or more students with the same PSLE Score vie for the last remaining place in a school, tie-breakers will be used in the following order:

1. CITIZENSHIP
2. CHOICE ORDER OF SCHOOLS (NEW for 2021 PSLE cohort onwards)
3. COMPUTERISED BALLOTING



## PRESENTATION OF RESULTS IN ACHIEVEMENT LEVELS



## PRESENTATION OF RESULTS IN ALs

- Starting from the 2020 P5 cohort, schools will present school-based examination results of P5 and P6 students in ALs.

ㅁ 2020 P6 students will not be affected, nor will P1 to P4 students.

- This will help familiarise students and parents with the new AL scoring system.
- The AL reflects the mastery of a broader curriculum, rather than for topical or component performance. As such, AL will not be reflected for weighted assessments (WA).



## SUBJECT-BASED BANDING (PRIMARY) <br> OFFERING DIFFERENT SUBJECT COMBINATIONS



## SUBJECT-BASED BANDING (PRIMARY)

- Offers students the option of Standard and Foundation Subjects, depending on their strengths.
- Allow students to focus on and stretch their potential in the subjects they are strong in while building up the fundamentals in the subject they need more support in.
- The new PSLE scoring system will not change the considerations for deciding on a student's subject combination at P4/ P5.



## SUBJECT-BASED BANDING (PRIMARY)

- Schools will continue to recommend based on the following:
- Student's aptitude, motivation and performance in each subject;
- Student's ability to cope with a particular subject combination; and
- Whether the subject combination focuses sufficiently on literacy and numeracy, and facilitates the student's articulation to secondary school and beyond.
- Offering subjects at Foundation level is not a disadvantage to the students. It enables them to focus on building up strong fundamentals in these subjects and better prepares them for progression to secondary school.


## SCORING FOR FOUNDATION LEVEL SUBJECTS

## FOUNDATION SUBJECTS GRADED IN 5 BANDS TODAY

- Under the current PSLE grading system, Foundation subjects are graded in 5 scoring bands from Grade 1 to U.

| Current System |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Grade | Raw Mark <br> Range |
| 1 | $85-100$ |
| 2 | $70-84$ |
| 3 | $50-69$ |
| 4 | $30-49$ |
| U | $<30$ |

## FOUNDATION LEVEL SUBJECT GRADES TO BE LESS FINELY DIFFERENTIATED

- Under the new AL system, to reduce fine differentiation among students, Foundation subject grades will be graded in 3 scoring bands from AL A to C.
- Like Standard subject ALs, the Foundation subject ALs will reflect a student's level of achievement, rather than how they have performed relative to their peers.

| Foundation Level <br> AL Reflected on <br> Result Slip | Foundation Raw <br> Mark Range |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | $75-100$ |
| B | $30-74$ |
| C | $<30$ |

## FOUNDATION LEVEL SUBJECT GRADES

- For the purpose of S1 posting, Foundation level AL A to AL C will be mapped to AL 6 to AL 8 of Standard level subjects respectively, to derive a student's overall PSLE Score.
- Similar to the current PSLE scoring system, this mapping is based on the learning and assessment load of the subjects, and informs students of their readiness to access the curriculum at the secondary level.

| Foundation Level <br> AL Reflected on <br> Result Slip | Foundation Raw <br> Mark Range | Equivalent <br> Standard <br> Subject AL | Standard Raw <br> Mark Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $\mathbf{7 5 - 1 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $45-64$ |
| B | $\mathbf{3 0 - 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $20-44$ |
| C | $<30$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $<20$ |

## SCORING OF FOUNDATION SUBJECTS FOR S1 POSTING

- A student's PSLE Score is the sum of the four AL scores across his/her Standard and Foundation subjects.
- Students taking Foundation subjects are eligible for the Express Course, as long as they meet the course placement criteria.
- With Full Subject-based Banding in secondary schools, students may also take subjects at a higher level for those that they are strong in.


| PLACEMENT <br> OUTCOME | PSLE SCORE |
| :--- | :--- |
| EXPRESS | $4-20$ |
| EXPRESS / <br> N(A) option | $21-22$ |
| N(A) | $23-24$ |
| N(A) / N(T) <br> option | 25 |
| $N(T)$ | $26-30$, with AL7 or <br> better in both EL and MA |

## ELIGIBILITY FOR SECONDARY SCHOOL HIGHER MOTHER TONGUE LANGUAGE (HMTL)



## ELIGIBILITY FOR HMTL IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS

- The eligibility criteria for taking HMTL is intended to ensure that students can cope with the higher academic load, and takes reference from the current criteria.

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ELIGIBLITY CRITERIA FOR SECONDARY SCHOOL HMTL
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(i) PSLE Score of 8 or better

OR
(ii) PSLE Score of 9 to 14 inclusive; and attain

- AL1 / AL2 in MTL or
- Distinction / Merit in HMTL
- For students who do not meet the above criteria, secondary schools will continue to have the flexibility to offer HMTL to students, if they are assessed to have high ability and interest in MTL and are able to take HMTL without affecting their performance in other subjects.


## USE OF HCL FOR ADMISSION INTO SAP SCHOOLS

## USE OF HCL FOR ADMISSION INTO SAP SCHOOLS

## Prior to 2021

Currently, for admission to SAP schools, students are awarded bonus Tscore points based on their HCL grade:

- 3 points for Distinction
- 2 points for Merit
- 1 point for Pass

From 2021 Onwards
-Students with better PSLE scores will be posted first, even if they did not take HCL (the 1st child with 7).
-Amongst students with the same PSLE score, those with better HCL grades will be posted first. (the 2nd to 5th child with 8).
-This posting advantage applies before the tie-breakers for S1 posting.

## EXAMPLE:

## Using HCL for Admission into SAP Schools

Students who take HCL will receive a posting advantage when applying to SAP schools

Students will be considered for admission to SAP schools in the following order:


## INDICATIVE ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL (AL) CUT-OFF POINT (COP) RANGES FOR DIFFERENT SCHOOL TYPES



## INDICATIVE ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL (AL) CUT-OFF POINT (COP) RANGES FOR DIFFERENT SCHOOL TYPES

- To further familiarise the first batch of students and parents with the new PSLE 2021 scoring system, MOE is providing more information on indicative AL COP ranges for different school types, generated based on data from the 2019 S1 Posting Exercise.
- Similar to the current T-score system, the AL COP for a school may vary from year to year, depending on students' PSLE results and their school choices for that year's S1 Posting Exercise.
- Information on individual secondary schools' indicative AL COPs will be released in first half of 2021. These AL COPs will be derived from the PSLE Scores and choice patterns of the 2020 S1 Posting Exercise.


## INDICATIVE ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL (AL) CUT-OFF POINT (COP) RANGES FOR DIFFERENT SCHOOL TYPES

| Government \& Government-aided Schools <br> These schools are the mainstay of our education system, and offer high-quality education at standardised fees. These schools offer a range of electives, applied subjects and student development programmes. | Course | Indicative AL COP range for 2019 PSLE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Express (Integrated Programme (IP)) | 7-9 |
|  | Express (O-level) | 8-22 |
|  | N(A) | 22-25 |
|  | N(T) | 26-30 |

## INDICATIVE ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL (AL) CUT-OFF POINT (COP) RANGES FOR DIFFERENT SCHOOL TYPES

| Autonomous Schools <br> These schools are Government or Government-aided schools that provide a wider range of programmes that seek to enhance students' learning experiences and develop their talents. | Course | Indicative AL COP range for 2019 PSLE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Express (IP) | 7-9 |
|  | Express (O-level) | 8-16 |
|  | N(A) | 22-25 |
|  | N(T) | 26-29 |


| Independent schools | Course | Indicative AL COP range for 2019 PSLE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| These schools have the autonomy to develop their curriculum and programmes to cater to their students' diverse learning needs. | Express (IP) | 6-8 |
|  | Express (O-level) | 8-10 |

## CHOOSING A SUITABLE SECONDARY SCHOOL



## DISCUSS WITH YOUR CHILD

- Consider your child's learning style, strengths and interests when making school choices in order to find a school that would help the child learn and thrive best.
- Discuss the options with the child, with the following considerations:
- Values: What is the school's culture and ethos?
- Learning environment: Is the school's learning environment right for the child?
- Distinctive programmes and CCAs: Can the school support and develop the child's interests?
- Location: Is it too far from home? How will the child get to school?



## RESOURCES

- MOE SchoolFinder tool - More information on secondary schools can be found here, on school websites and in the Secondary 1 information booklet given to students in Primary 6.
- Open Houses - Secondary schools also hold open houses where you and your child can learn more about the school's programmes, and speak with teachers and students.

- Indicative cut-off points ranges for different school types
- The indicative AL COPs ranges for school types can be used as reference point.
- MOE will be providing indicative AL COPs for secondary schools in 1H/2021, based on the data from 2020 S1 posting exercise.
- The actual cut-off points may differ, depending on how students exercise their choices that year.



# SUBJECT-BASED BANDING (SECONDARY) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA UNDER THE AL SCORING SYSTEM 



## SUBJECT-BASED BANDING (SECONDARY) [SBB (SEC)] ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA UNDER THE AL SCORING SYSTEM

- Since 2018, MOE has introduced Subject-Based Banding (SBB) in all secondary schools with $N(A)$ and $N(T)$ courses.
- SBB (Sec) provides students with greater flexibility to take various subjects at a more demanding level based on their subject-specific strengths and aptitudes.
- Under the new PSLE scoring system, students from the Normal course will continue to be eligible to take subjects at a more demanding level at Secondary 1 based on their AL scores for individual subjects, to recognise and develop students' subjectspecific strengths.


## SBB (SEC) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA UNDER THE AL SCORING SYSTEM

- Under the new AL scoring system, the SBB (Sec) eligibility criteria is as follows:

| PSLE Standard / Foundation Subject Grade | Option to take subject at |
| :---: | :---: |
| AL 5 or better in a Standard level subject | Express level |
| AL 6 or better in a Standard level subject <br> OR <br> AL A in a Foundation level subject | N(A) level |

## SBB (SEC) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA UNDER THE AL SCORING SYSTEM

- A student scores an overall Score of 23 and AL 5 for Science will placed in the N(A) course. He will be eligible to take Science at a more demanding level (i.e. Express level) at Secondary 1.
ENGLISH
AL 6
LANGUAGE
MOTHER TONGUE
AL 6 LANGUAGE
MATHEMATICS
AL A
SCIENCE
AL 5


## PSLE SCORE: 23

- Taking up Science at a more demanding level would allow him to learn at a level more suited to his pace of learning, aptitudes and passions. It could also motivate him to be more meaningfully engaged.
- Eligible students can discuss with their parents and teachers to decide whether to accept the offer.
- As students grow and develop in secondary school, they will continue to have more opportunities to take subjects at more demanding levels based on their in-school performance, to further pursue their interests and develop to their fullest potential.


## THANK YOU!



